INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Pushpanjli Fincon Limited

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Pushpanjli Fincon Limited** ("the company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act' 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flow of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; judgments and estimate that are reasonable and prudent and design implementation of adequate financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statement give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as March 31, 2018, and its loss and its cash flow for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "**Annexure A**" statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable

Further to our comments in the aforesaid annexure, as required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- 1. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- 2. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- 3. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- 4. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- 5. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors none of the director is disqualified as on March 31, 2018 from being appointed as directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- 6. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to over separate report in "Annexure-B".
- 7. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

- b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For S A S & Co. **Chartered Accountants** FRN: 020025N

Somya Agrawal (Partner)

M. No.: 526790 Place: New Delhi Date: April 21, 2018

ANNEXURE A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under heading of "Report on other Legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

- (i) The Company does not have any fixed assets; accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventories; accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to information and explanation given to us, the company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (iv) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not been entered into any transactions in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security as covered under the provisions of Section 185 and 186.
- (v) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits during the year. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3(v) are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the products of the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, value added tax and cess and any other statutory dues to appropriate authority have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Income-tax, Salestax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax and Cess and other statutory dues were in arrears, as at March 31, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, as at March 31, 2018, there are no dues of sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company did not have any dues in respect of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, or bank, Government or dues to debenture holders.
- (ix) The Company has not raised any money by way of Initial Public Offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans.
- (x) Based on the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year nor have we been informed of such case by the management.

- (xi) The Company has not paid any managerial remuneration therefore the provision of Section 197 of Companies Act 2013 has not been applicable.
- (xii) The company is not a Nidhi company, therefore the provisions of paragraph 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, all the transactions with the related parties are in accordance with section 177 and 188 of companies Act 2013 to the extent applicable and the details have been disclosed in **Note 17** to the financial statements as required by the accounting standards and Companies Act, 2013.
- (xiv) Company has not made any preferential allotment / private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review, therefore the requirement of Section 42 of Companies Act' 2013 need not be complied with.
- (xv) Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or person connected with him and therefore the provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act' 2013 has been complied with.
- (xvi) Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For S A S & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 020025N

Somya Agrawal (Partner) M. No.: 526790 Place: New Delh

Place: New Delhi Date: April 21, 2018

ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Pushpanjli Fincon Limited**, ("the Company") as on 31 March 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally

accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S A S & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 020025N

Somya Agrawal (Partner) M. No.: 526790 Place: New Delhi

Date: April 21, 2018

Pushpanjli Fincon Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018

40,100,000 (39,244,558) 855,442	40,100,000 (38,824,529)
(39,244,558)	(38,824,529)
(39,244,558)	(38,824,529)
855,442	
	1,275,471
92,068,000	78,147,591
92,068,000	78,147,591
2,100,442	14,694,640
113,352	113,352
2,213,794	14,807,992
95,137,236	94,231,054
577,838	577,838
577,838	577,838
144,929	41,447
94,414,469	93,611,769
94,559,398	93,653,216
95,137,236	94,231,054
	577,838 144,929 94,414,469 94,559,398

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

This is Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For S A S & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 020025N For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Somya Agrawal Partner Membership No. 526790 New Delhi, April 21, 2018 Pankaj Sharma Director DIN: 00472879 New Delhi, April 21, 2018 Tejpal Gulia Director DIN: 03553393

Pushpanjli Fincon Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2018

II. Total revenue 8,000,000 10,850,			Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
II. Total revenue 8,000,000 10,850,		INCOME			
III. EXPENSES 13 8,309,375 7,7655 7,76	I.	Other income	12	8,000,000	10,850,000
Finance costs	II.	Total revenue	-	8,000,000	10,850,000
Commons	III.	EXPENSES			
IV. (Loss)/profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (IV-III) (420,029) 3,032,					7,765,282 52,244
(II-III) (420,029) 3,032 V. Exceptional items - - VI. (Loss)/profit before extraordinary items and tax (IV - V) (420,029) 3,032 VIII. Extraordinary Items - - VIII. (Loss)/profit before tax (VI- VII) (420,029) 3,032 IX. Tax expense:		Total expenses	-	8,420,029	7,817,526
VI. (Loss)/profit before extraordinary items and tax (IV - V) (420,029) 3,032 VIII. Extraordinary Items - VIII. (Loss)/profit before tax (VI- VII) (420,029) 3,032 IX. Tax expense: - 577 Current tax - 577 Less: MAT credit entitlement - (577 X (Loss)/profit for the year from continuing operations (VIII-IX) (420,029) 3,032 XI Profit/(loss) from discontinuing operations - - XIII Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax) (XI-XII) - XIV (Loss)/profit for the year (X + XIII) (420,029) 3,032 XV Earnings per equity share: (1) Basic (0.10) 0 (2) Diluted (0.10) 0 Face value per Equity Share (Rs.) 10.00 10.00	IV.			(420,029)	3,032,474
VII. Extraordinary Items - VIII. (Loss)/profit before tax (VI-VII) (420,029) 3,032 IX. Tax expense:	V.	Exceptional items	-	-	
VIII. (Loss)/profit before tax (VI- VII) (420,029) 3,032, IX. Tax expense:	VI.	(Loss)/profit before extraordinary items and tax (IV - V)		(420,029)	3,032,474
IX. Tax expense: Current tax -	VII.	Extraordinary Items	-		
Current tax - 577, 1 Less: MAT credit entitlement - (577, 1 X (Loss)/profit for the year from continuing operations (VIII-IX) (420,029) 3,032, 1 XI Profit/(loss) from discontinuing operations - - XIII Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax) (XI-XII) - XIV (Loss)/profit for the year (X + XIII) (420,029) 3,032, 1 XV Earnings per equity share: (1) Basic (2) Diluted Face value per Equity Share (Rs.) (0.10) (0.10) (0.10) (0.10) (0.10) 0.10	VIII.	(Loss)/profit before tax (VI- VII)		(420,029)	3,032,474
XI Profit/(loss) from discontinuing operations Tax expense of discontinuing operations - XIII Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax) (XI-XII) XIV (Loss)/profit for the year (X + XIII) XV Earnings per equity share: (1) Basic (2) Diluted Face value per Equity Share (Rs.)	IX.	Current tax	-	Ξ	577,838 (577,838)
XIII Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax) (XI-XII) XIV (Loss)/profit for the year (X + XIII) XV Earnings per equity share: (1) Basic (2) Diluted Face value per Equity Share (Rs.)	x	(Loss)/profit for the year from continuing operations (VIII-IX)		(420,029)	3,032,474
XIII Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax) (XI-XII)	ΧI	Profit/(loss) from discontinuing operations		-	-
XIV (Loss)/profit for the year (X + XIII) XV Earnings per equity share: (1) Basic (2) Diluted Face value per Equity Share (Rs.) 18 (0.10) (0.10) (1) (1) (2) (3) (420,029) (0.10) (0.10) (0.10) (0.10) (0.10)	XII	Tax expense of discontinuing operations	-		
XV Earnings per equity share: (1) Basic (2) Diluted Face value per Equity Share (Rs.) 18 (0.10) (0.10) (0.10) (1)	XIII	Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax) (XI-XII)		-	-
(1) Basic (0.10) (0.10) (2) Diluted (0.10) (0.10) Face value per Equity Share (Rs.) 10.00 10	XIV	(Loss)/profit for the year (X + XIII)	-	(420,029)	3,032,474
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 3	XV	(1) Basic(2) DilutedFace value per Equity Share (Rs.)		(0.10)	0.76 0.76 10.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

This is Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date

For S A S & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 020025N For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Somya Agrawal Partner Membership No. 526790 New Delhi, April 21, 2018 Pankaj Sharma Director DIN: 00472879 New Delhi, April 21, 2018 Tejpal Gulia Director DIN: 03553393

Pushpanjli Fincon Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2018

		For the year ended March 31, 2018		For the ye March 3	
	_	Amount (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
A	Cash flow from operating activities : Net (loss)/profit before tax Adjustments for :		(420,029)		3,032,474
	Interest expenses	8,309,375	_	7,741,442	
	Operating profit before working capital changes	_	8,309,375 7,889,346	_	7,741,442 10,773,916
	Adjustments for: Trade payables and other liabilities	(12,594,198)	(12,594,198)	6,974,991	6,974,991
	Cash (used in) / generated from operations	_	(4,704,852)	_	17,748,907
	Direct taxes (paid)/refund		(802,700)		(1,090,800)
	Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	=	(5,507,552)	_	16,658,107
В	Cash flow from investing activities :				
	Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities	_ =	-	_	-
С	Cash flow from financing activities Interest paid Loans taken/ (repaid) (Net)		(8,309,375) 13,920,409		(7,741,442) (8,875,999)
	Net cash generated / (used) in financing activities	_	5,611,034	_	(16,617,441)
D	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B	+C)	103,482		40,666
E	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		41,447		781
F	Cash and cash equivalents at the close of the year (D + E) $$		144,929	=	41,447
1	Notes: The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Statements' as specified under Section 133 of the Companies Amended.				
2	Cash and cash equivalents as at the close of the year include: Cash on hand Balances with scheduled banks:		123		212
	- in current accounts		144,806		41,235

3 The figures of the previous year are regrouped wherever considered necessary.

This is Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date

Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year

For S A S & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 020025N For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Somya Agrawal Partner Membership No. 526790 New Delhi, April 21, 2018 Pankaj Sharma Director DIN: 00472879 New Delhi, April 21, 2018

144,929

Tejpal Gulia Director DIN: 03553393

41,447

Pushpanili Fincon Limited

Summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

Note - 1

Company Overview:

Pushpanjli Fincon Private Limited was incorporated on December 22, 2009 to carry on its business of providing consultancy relating to investment, acquiring, holding, procuring, purchasing of all type of securities. In accordance with the provisions of Section 18 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the members of the company at their Extraordinary General Meeting held on October 9, 2014, accorded their approval to convert from private limited company to public limited company. The Company has since received a fresh certificate of incorporation consequent upon change of name from the Registrar of Companies, National Capital Territory of Delhi & Haryana dated November 14, 2014 in respect of the said change. Accordingly, the name of the Company was changed from Pushpanjli Fincon Private Limited to Pushpanjli Fincon Limited ("PFCL" or "the Company").

Note - 2

Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) and Accounting Standards (AS) under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

Note - 3

Significant Accounting Policies:

a) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires estimates and assumptions to be made by management that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual result and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialised.

b) Revenue Recognition:

- (i) Interest income from loans given is recognized on accrual basis.
- (ii) Dividend Income on units of Mutual Fund is recognized when the right to receive dividend is unconditionally established and any gains/losses are recognized on the date of redemption.
- (iii) Income from fee based consultancy is recognised on an accrual basis.

c) Investments:

Investments are classified as long term and current investments. Long term investments are carried at cost less provision, if any, for diminution other than temporary in their value. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and fair value.

d) Taxes on Income:

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year and is computed in accordance with relevant tax regulations.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Deferred tax resulting from timing differences between book and tax profits is accounted for at the current rate of tax / substantively enacted tax rates at the Balance Sheet Date, as applicable, to the extent that the timing differences are expected to crystallise.

Deferred Tax Assets are recognised where realisation is reasonably certain whereas in case of carried forward losses or unabsorbed depreciation, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation backed by convincing evidence. Deferred Tax Assets are reviewed for the appropriateness of their respective carrying values at each Balance Sheet date.

Pushpanili Fincon Limited

Summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

e) Fixed Assets:

(i) Tangible Assets:

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of tax / duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated depreciation / impairment losses, if any. Cost includes original cost of acquisition, including incidental expenses related to such acquisition and installation and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

(ii) Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are stated at cost, net of tax / duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortisation / impairment losses, if any. Cost includes original cost of acquisition, including incidental expenses related to such acquisition and installation.

f) Depreciation / Amortisation:

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is provided on straight-line method at the rates specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on additions to fixed assets is provided on pro-rata basis from the date the asset is put to use. Depreciation on sale / deduction from fixed assets is provided for up to the date of sale / deduction / scrapping, as the case may be. Assets taken on finance lease are depreciated over the tenure of the lease. Assets costing Rs. 5,000 or less per item are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

g) Impairment of Assets:

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account. If at the Balance Sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount.

h) Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of such assets. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

i) Preliminary Expenses:

Preliminary expenses are adjusted against Securities Premium account net of tax to the extent available, and the balance, if any, is charged off to the profit and loss account, as incurred.

j) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Contingent liability is disclosed for (1) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (2) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised.

Pushpanjli Fincon Limited

Summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

Note - 4 Share capital:

enare capitan				
	As at Marc	ch 31, 2018	As at Marc	ch 31, 2017
Authorised	No. of Shares	Amount (Rs.)	No. of Shares	Amount (Rs.)
Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10 each	4,010,000	40,100,000	4,010,000	40,100,000
Optionally Convertible Preference Shares of face value of Rs. 10 each	4,000,000	40,000,000	4,000,000	40,000,000
	·	80,100,000	·	80,100,000
Issued, Subscribed And Paid Up	·		·	
Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	4,010,000	40,100,000	4,010,000	40,100,000
As Per Balance Sheet		40,100,000		40,100,000

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year Equity shares

	As at Mar	As at March 31, 2018		ch 31, 2017
	No. of Shares	Amount (Rs.)	No. of Shares	Amount (Rs.)
Opening balance at the beginning of the year Add: Issued during the year	4,010,000	40,100,000	4,010,000	40,100,000
Outstanding at the end of the year	4,010,000	40,100,000	4,010,000	40,100,000

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares and preference shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to received remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

The company has only one class of preference shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. These can be converted in equity shares at any time up to 5 years from date of issuance. These shares carry 10% as dividend percentage which is to be paid as and when declare and approve by Board of Directors.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	As at Marc	ch 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	
No. of Shareholder	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
	held		held	
Gyansagar Buildtech Limited	2,005,000	50.00%	2.005,000	50.00%
Arbutus Constructions Limited	2,005,000	50.00%	2,005,000	50.00%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

Note - 5 Reserves and surplus:

	As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
Surplus/(deficit) in the statement of profit and loss	<u></u>	
Balance as per last financial statements	(38,824,529)	(41,857,003)
Add: (Loss)/profit for the year	(420,029)	3,032,474
	(39,244,558)	(38,824,529)
As Per Balance Sheet	(39,244,558)	(38,824,529)
Note - 6		
Long-term borrowings:		
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Unsecured Loans	Amount (Rs.)	_ Amount (Rs.)
- From related parties	92,068,000	78,147,591
As Per Balance Sheet	92,068,000	78,147,591

Pushpanjli Fincon Limited
Summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

Note	- /				
Other	CIII	rrant	liah	ilitio	۰.

Other current liabilities:			
		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
Statutory liabilities Other payable		2,085,442 15,000	778,144 13,916,496
	As Per Balance Sheet	2,100,442	14,694,640
Note - 8 Short-term provisions			
		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
Provision for taxation (Net of tax deducted at source of Rs (Previous year Rs. 156,648)	. 156,648	113,352	113,352
(* 1011000) 001 1101 100,0 10/	As Per Balance Sheet	113,352	113,352
Note - 9			
Long-term loans and advances:		A = -4	A4
		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
MAT credit entitlement		577,838	577,838
	As Per Balance Sheet	577,838	577,838
Note - 10 Cash and cash equivalents			
		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
(a) Balance with banks In current accounts		144,806	41,235
(b) Cash on hand		123	212
	As Per Balance Sheet	144,929	41,447
Note - 11 Short-term loans and advances:			
		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
(a) Tax deducted at source (Net of provision for taxation Rs. ′ (Previous year Rs. 1,121,838)	1,121,838	94,405,969	93,605,969
(b) Goods and service tax credit and Unsecured, considered good	cenvat credit receivables	8,500	5,800
	As Per Balance Sheet	94,414,469	93,611,769

Pushpanjli Fincon Limited

Summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

		For the year ended March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
Note - 12 Other income:			
Advisory income		8,000,000	10,850,000
	As Per Statement of Profit and Loss	8,000,000	10,850,000
Note - 13 Finance costs:			
Interest on loans		8,309,375	7,741,442
Bank charges Interest on taxes		-	10,525 13,315
interest on taxes	As Per Statement of Profit and Loss	8,309,375	7,765,282
Note - 14 Other expenses:			
Rates & taxes		3,989	644
Stamp paper expenses		2,200	-
Professional charges Auditors' remuneration		15,000	40,200
-as statutory auditor*		75,000	10,000
Printing & stationery		-	1,400
Miscellaneous expenses		14,465	-
	As Per Statement of Profit and Loss	110,654	52,244

^{*}including remuneration paid for certification required to be done by the statutory auditors

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Pushpanjli Fincon Limited

Summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

Note - 15

Segment Reporting:

Considering the nature of Company's business and operations and based on the information available with the management, there are no reportable segments (business and/or geographical) in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standard (AS) – 17 on Segment Reporting as specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended. Hence, no further disclosures are required in respect of reportable segments, under AS 17, other than those already provided in the financial statements.

Note - 16

Deffered Tax Assets:

Deferred Tax Assets are recognized where realization is reasonably certain whereas in case of carried forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty of realization backed by convincing evidence; but as a matter of prudence the company has not recognized the deferred tax assets in relation to the carried forward losses.

Note - 17

Related Party Disclosures:

Disclosures in respect of AS - 18 'Related Party Disclosures' as specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended:

(a) Related parties where control exists:

Description of relationship Names of related parties

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Ultimate Holding Company	Indiabulls Ventures Limited
Holding Company	Devata Tradelink Limited
	Arbutus Constructions Limited
	IVL Finance Limited
	(Formerly known as Shivshakti Financial Services Limited)
	Astilbe Builders Limited
	Astraea Constructions Limited
	Silenus Buildtech Limited
	Pushpanjli Finsolutions Limited
	Gyansagar Buildtech Limited
	Indiabulls Commodities Limited
	Indiabulls Distribution Services Limited
Fellow Subsidiary Companies (including	Indiabulls Investment Advisors Limited
step down subsidiaries)	(Formerly known as Indiabulls Brokerage Limited)
	India Ethanol and Sugar Limited
	Auxesia Soft Solutions Limited
	Indiabulls Alternative Investment Limited
	Positive Housings Private Limited (upto March 30, 2018)
	Indiabulls Consumer Products Limited (w.e.f. July 6, 2016)
	Indiabulls Asset Reconstruction Company Limited
	(w.e.f. October 3, 2016)
	Indiabulls Logistics Limited (w.e.f. January 19, 2017)
	Indiabulls Infra Resources Limited (w.e.f. February 1, 2017)
	Mr. Pankaj Sharma, Director
	Mr. Tejpal Gulia, Director
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Sumer Singh Tokas, Director
Ney Management Fersonner	Mr. Sameer Gehlaut , Individual exercising significant influence
	Mr. Divyesh B Shah, Chief Executive Officer and Whole Time Director of Indiabulls
	Ventures Limited

(b) Significant transactions with related parties during the year ended March 31, 2018: (Amount in Rs.)

Nature of Transaction	Fellow Subsidiaries	Total
Finance		
Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	94,918,000	94,918,000
(Maximum Balance Outstanding during the year)	87,817,591	87,817,591
Interest expense on Inter Corporate Deposit	6,424,423	6,424,423
	7,741,442	7,741,442
Income		
Advisory income	8,000,000	8,000,000
	10,850,000	10,850,000

Note: Figures in italic relates to the previous year

(c) Statement of Material Transactions

(Amount in Rs.)

(c) continue of marconal continue of the conti		(
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017
Finance		
Inter corporate deposit taken		
(Maximum balance outstanding during the year):		
- IVL Finance Limited (formerly Shivshakti Financial Services Ltd.)	-	87,817,591
- Indiabulls Distribution Service Limited	94,918,000	-
Interest expenses		
- IVL Finance Limited (formerly Shivshakti Financial Services Ltd.)	-	7,741,442
- Indiabulls Distribution Service Limited	6,424,423	-
Advisory income		
- Indiabulls Investment Advisors Limited	8,000,000	-
- IVL Finance Limited (formerly Shivshakti Financial Services Ltd.)	-	7,500,000
- Indiabulls Distribution Services Limited	-	3,350,000

(d) Outstanding at the year ended March 31, 2018:

(Amount in Rs.)

(a) Catotananig at the Joan Chaca march Ci, 2010.		(/ #1104111 111 1101)
Nature of Transaction	Fellow Subsidiaries	Total
Finance		
Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	92,068,000	92,068,000
	78,147,591	78,147,591

Note: Figures in italic relates to the previous year

In accordance with AS 18, disclosures in respect of transactions with identified related parties are given only for such period during which such relationships existed. Related Party relationships are given above are as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

Note - 18 Earnings per share:

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year. Diluted earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable, had the shares been actually issued at fair value.

Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the year, unless they have been issued at a later date. The number of equity shares and potential diluted equity shares are adjusted for stock split, bonus shares and the potential dilutive effect of employee stock option plan as appropriate.

Particulars Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Net Profit(Loss) available for Equity Shareholders (Rs.)	(420,029)	3,032,474
Weighted average number of Equity Shares used for computing Basic earnings per	4,010,000	4,010,000
share		
Weighted average number of Equity Shares used for computing Diluted earnings	4,010,000	4,010,000
per share		
Face/Nominal Value of Equity Shares – (Rs.)	10	10
Earnings Per Share – Basic (Rs.)	(0.10)	0.76
Earnings Per Share - Diluted (Rs.)	(0.10)	0.76

Pushpanili Fincon Limited

Summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

Note - 19 Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro. Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act. 2006:

	As at	As at
Particulars		
	Amount (Rs.)	•
	, ,	` ,
(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting	Nil	Nil
year		
(ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the	Nil	Nil
accounting year		
(iii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the	Nil	Nil
supplier beyond the appointed day		
(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the year	Nil	Nil
(v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the	Nil	Nil
accounting year		
(vi) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year,	Nil	Nil
until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid		

The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

The Company has not entered into any derivative instruments during the year. There are no foreign currency exposures as at March 31, 2018 (Previous year Rs. Nil).

There are no borrowing costs to be capitalised as at March 31, 2018 (Previous year Rs. Nil) .

Note - 22

As per the best estimate of the management, no provision is required to be made as per Accounting Standard 29 (AS 29) --Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets as specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended, in respect of any present obligation as a result of a past event that could lead to a probable outflow of resources, which would be required to settle the obligation.

Note - 23

In respect of amounts as mentioned under Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, there were no dues required to be credited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as on March 31, 2018 (Previous year Rs. Nil)

Note - 24

Previous year's figures have been re-grouped / re-arranged wherever considered necessary to conform to current year's groupings and classifications.

As per our report of even date

For S A S & Co. **Chartered Accountants** For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

FRN: 020025N

Somya Agrawal Pankaj Sharma Tejpal Gulia Partner Director Director DIN: 00472879 DIN: 03553393 Membership No. 526790 New Delhi, April 21, 2018 New Delhi, April 21, 2018